Families for Addiction Recovery

Financial Statements

March 31, 2022



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July 20, 2022

Independent Auditors' Report

To the Board of Directors of Families for Addiction Recovery

Qualified Opinion

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of Families for Addiction Recovery, which comprise the balance sheet as at March 31, 2022 and the statements of operations and net assets, and cash flows for the year then ended, and notes to the financial statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies.

In our opinion, except for the possible effects of the matter described in the Basis for Qualified Opinion section of our report, the accompanying financial statements present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of Families for Addiction Recovery as at March 31, 2022, and the results of its operations and its cash flows for the year then ended in accordance with Canadian accounting standards for not-for-profit organizations.

Basis for qualified opinion

In common with many charitable organizations, Families for Addiction Recovery derives revenue from public donations, the completeness of which is not susceptible to us obtaining evidence we considered necessary for the purpose of the audit. Accordingly, the evidence obtained of these revenues was limited to the amounts recorded in the records of Families for Addiction Recovery. Therefore, we were unable to determine whether any adjustments might have been found necessary with respect to donation and fundraising revenue, excess of revenue over expenses, and cash flows from operations for the years ended March 31, 2022 and 2021, current assets as at March 31, 2022 and 2021, and net assets as at March 31 for both the 2022 and 2021 year-ends. Our audit opinion on the financial statements for the year ended March 31, 2021 was modified accordingly because of the possible effects of this limitation in scope.

We conducted our audit in accordance with Canadian generally accepted auditing standards. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditors' Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are independent of Families for Addiction Recovery in accordance with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of financial statements in Canada, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our qualified opinion.

Responsibilities of Management and Those Charged with Governance for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with Canadian accounting standards for not-for-profit organizations and for such internal control as management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is responsible for assessing Families for Addiction Recovery's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless management either intends to liquidate Families for Addiction Recovery or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

Those charged with governance are responsible for overseeing Families for Addiction Recovery's financial reporting process.

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Auditors' Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an Auditors' report that includes our opinion.

Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with Canadian generally accepted auditing standards will always detect a material misstatement when it exists.

Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

As part of an audit in accordance with Canadian generally accepted auditing standards, we exercise professional judgement and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.

We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design
 and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to
 provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for
 one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override
 of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate
 in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of Families for Addiction
 Recovery internal control.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by management.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of management's use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit
 evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt
 on Families for Addiction Recovery's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty
 exists, we are required to draw attention in our Auditors' report to the related disclosures in the financial statements or,
 if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up
 to the date of our Auditors' report. However, future events or conditions may cause Families for Addiction Recovery to
 cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.

We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

Chartered Professional Accountants Licensed Public Accountants

Toronto, Ontario



10 ⁴		March 31		
Assets		2022	2021	
Current Cash and cash equivalents Account receivable Public Service Bodies rebate receivable Prepaid expenses		\$ 99,824 1,596 1,368 302	\$	71,599 6,027 262
		\$ 103,090	\$	77,850
Liabilities				
Current Accounts payable and accrued liabilities		\$ 3,152	\$	1,955
Net assets		99,938		75,895
	590	\$ 103,090	\$	77,850

See accompanying notes

Approved on behalf of the Board of Directors of Families for Addiction Recovery:

Peter McCarter, Chairman

Angie Hamilton, Executive Director



Statement of Revenue and Expenses and Net Assets

	1200		led March 31
	Note	2022	2021
Revenue Donations			
Corporations		\$ -	\$ 500
Foundations Individuals		17,413 50,998	13,448 23,232
		68,411	37,180
Gift-in-kind			
Public Service Announcements	2	789,229	1,239,742
Gain on sale of donated marketable securities Interest income		686	
morest moone		3	37
		858,329	1,276,959
Expenses			
Program			
Education and awareness	2	811,819	1,257,339
Parent to Parent peer support program		7,820	14,442
Professional development Support line		1,638	-
Support line		4,010	860
		825,287	1,272,641
Non-program			
Administration		3,544	5,488
Professional fees		5,455	5,397
		8,999	10,885
Total expenses		834,286	1,283,526
Excess of revenue over expenses (expenses			
over revenue) for the year		24,043	(6,567)
Net assets, beginning of year		75,895	82,462
Net assets, end of year		\$ 99,938	\$ 75,895

See accompanying notes



	Year end	arch 31	
	2022		2021
Cash provided by (used in) Operations Excess of revenue over expenses (expenses over revenue) for the year Change in non-cash working capital Account receivable Public Service Bodies rebate receivable Prepaid expenses Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	\$ 24,043 (1,596) 4,659 (40) 1,197	\$	(6,567) - (1,379) (33) 36
	 28,263	0	(7,943)
Net change in cash and cash equivalents during year	28,263		(7,943)
Cash and cash equivalents, beginning of year	71,561		79,504
Cash and cash equivalents, end of year	\$ 99,824	\$	71,561
Represented by:		.,	
Cash Guaranteed investment certificates	\$ 99,824	\$	68,528 3,033
	\$ 99,824	\$	71,561
		_	

See accompanying notes



Families for Addiction Recovery (FAR), which was incorporated under Canada Not-for-profit Corporations Act on May 4, 2016, supports families affected by substance use disorder, educates about substance abuse disorder and advocates for compassionate, accessible and timely evidence based treatment, drug policy reform and protective health laws.

FAR is exempt from income taxes as a registered charity under the Income Tax Act.

1. Summary of significant accounting policies

Basis of presentation

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with Canadian accounting standards for notfor-profit organizations.

Financial instruments

FAR initially measures its financial assets (including cash and accounts receivable) and financial liabilities (including accounts payable and accrued liabilities) at fair value adjusted by, in the case of a financial instrument that will not be measured subsequently at fair value, the amount of transaction costs directly attributable to the instrument.

Revenue recognition

FAR follows the deferral method of accounting for contributions, which include donations and government grants, as follows:

Donations are recorded on a cash collected basis.

Donations in-kind are recorded at estimated fair market value.

Corporate and foundation contributions and government grants ("funding") are recognized as receivable when a written confirmation of the funding is received. Unrestricted fundraising is recorded as revenue when received. Funding related to specified projects is recognized as revenue in the year in which the related expenses are incurred. Funding received that relates to future periods is deferred and recognized as revenue in the period that the expense is incurred.

Board members and other members of the public donate their labour in support of FAR. Measuring the fair value of these donated services is subject to uncertainty and therefore are not recognized in these financial statements.

Use of estimates

The preparation of FAR's financial statements in accordance with Canadian standards for not-for-profit organizations requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities, disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements, and the reported amount of revenue and expenses during the year. Actual results could differ from those estimates, the impact of which would be recorded in future periods.



2. Donated air-time for Public Service Announcements

During the year, FAR received donated air-time for Public Service Announcements with a value of \$789,229 (2021 - \$1,239,742). The Public Service Announcements aired 2,041 times (2021 - 6,830) and reached an estimated audience of approximately 13,394,730 viewers (2021 - 70,779,194).

A corresponding amount of expenses has been recorded in education and awareness in the Statement of Revenue and Expenses.

3. Financial instruments

Credit risk

Credit risk is the risk that the counterpart to a financial instrument will fail to discharge an obligation that is entered into with FAR.

Liquidity risk

Liquidity risk is the risk that FAR will not be able to meet a demand for cash or fund its obligations as the come due.

Interest rate risk

Interest rate risk arises from the possibility that changes in interest rates will affect the fair value of financial instruments.

Currency risk

Currency risk is the risk that the value of a financial instrument will fluctuate due to changes to foreign currencies.

Other price risk

Other price risk is the risk that the value of financial instruments will fluctuate as a result of changes in market prices, other than those arising from interest rate risk or currency risk, whether those changes are caused by factors specific to the individual financial instrument or its issuer, or factors affecting all similar financial instruments traded in a market.

It is management's opinion that FAR is not exposed to significant risk arising from its financial instruments.

